(LIVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2746.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1799.

HAGUE, June 1.

THE object which has peculiarly caused a great degree of ferment here, and is considered as the signal of an attempt to effect a new revolution and to change the government, is the address, presented last Tuesday to the first chamber, on the part of a great number of citizens of Amsterdam and Eukhuysen. They state in their address, that being called upon from their age to take up arms, they were ready to do so, and to enrol themselves in the corps of national guards, for the defence of the country, provided the violations suffered by the constitution were redressed, the orangists were expelled from the primary assemblies, as well as the partisans of aristocracy and federalism, and the country extricated from the danger to which it was exposed by the actual government. The address was voted unworthy of deliberation by a majority of two thirds, and referred to the directory for the purpose of prosecuting the authors of it. Some more addresses from Amsterdam and other towns, of the same nature, which were presented the next day, shared the same fate. All these measures appear to have been carried on in concert, with the view of re-establishing the order of things introduced by the revolution of the 23d of January of last year.

STUTGARD, June 3.

It is said that general Vukassovich has intercepted in Piedmont a courier of general Moreau to general Massena; and that general Moreau in his dispatches had complained of not receiving reinforcements from France and made rather an unfavourable statement of his position. In his rear, in the province of Mondovi, there was an insurrection of 10,000 peasants, who had carried off his small stores and convoys, whilst the enemy's army in front formed a demi-circle round him towards Verne, Cassal, Tortona and Novi. In this critical situation he had no other alternative than that of marching against the peasants of Mondovi, in order to secure his rear before the enemy joined the insurgents, and cut off his retreat to Coni. One thing not less extraordinary is, that the army of Naples, the first column of which had proceeded towards Rome since the 3d Floreal, (April 23) had not effected its junction with general Moreau on the 27th. It appears that its progress has been retarded by two causes, the one that general Scherer had directed it to proceed by Romagna, Bologna and Ferrara, by which it could only enter Tuscany, by going considerably out of the way; and the other that the columns of this army have been much harrassed on their road, not only by the insurgents but by the Anglo Neapolitans, who made a descent upon his rear, in order to oblige him to turn and give battle.

FLORENCE, May 28.

General Macdonald has been here since the 5th instant. We consider him as the saviour of the French in Italy, and our confidence in him will not be disappointed.—His army, which has advanced by forced marches, assembled here yesterday, and is filled with ardour; and its zeal, which a few reverses has only animated, is a happy presage in our favour. To-morrow is the day we march to free the Appenines, and take possession of the plain. There will only remain a division under the orders of general Rusca. Reckoning that of general Victor, who occupies Genoa, we have an army of 40,000 men. We may, therefore, entertain great hopes, and the more so, as we shall be protected towards the sea by the Toulon squadron.

GLASGOW, June 22.

This day's mail has not brought us any thing worth recording, if we except a report, which the Sun stops the press to announce, of the king of Prussia having entered Guelderland with his army. Our readers will observe, in an article copied from the last Paris papers, in the first page, that his majesty of Prussia, on the 5th instant, reviewed his troops at Wesel, on the confines of Guelderland; a circumstance which, combined with the astonishing success of the allies, may induce them to believe, that his majesty has at length been prevailed upon to join the coalition for the deliverance of Europe.

There are now two Hamburg mails due.

LONDON, June 13.

The Hamburg mail of yesterday, though it has brought no account of striking events, is yet to be considered as of very great importance for the events which it either announces or confirms.

The great natural bulwarks of Switzerland, the Rhine and the Alps, are passed. The Austrians have made good their footing in that difficult country.

The plan of the campaign is completely reversed. Instead of the co-operation of Jourdan and Scherer in invading Austria, we see the junction of the archduke and Suwarrow threaten the whole eastern frontier of France.

Much time may be yet spent, and much blood may undoubtedly be spilt before Massena be expelled from Switzerland; but it is quite obvious that his present object is only to gain time for covering the frontiers of Alsace and Franche Compte.

The letters of the best informed men, from the continent, represent all idea of retaining Switzerland as being abandoned by the French. They who cannot defend the Rhine and the Alps have no hope in weaker position.

It is now three months that private letters from Russia announce, that the Swedish fleet of flat bottomed vessels will join the Russian galley fleet, which was to sail upon a certain expedition in the course of June. Sweden has also recalled its ambassador from Paris, and the declarations since made by the king of Sweden to the diet shows, that these measures were pre-concerted long ago.

The Brunn gazette, brought by the Hamburg mail of this day says the Egyptians are in insurrection against the French.

The Hamburg mail due yesterday arrived in course. It brings, however, little new intelligence. The short dispatch in the last gazette, is later than any intelligence from Italy which the mail brings.

Our readers will find a full account of all the movements of the armies, as extracted from the most creditable of the German journals, and they will see from these that Moreau, in his reduced state, with an army of not more than 18,000 men, has displayed masterly skill in avoiding an action, and in preventing the allies from following up their victories with that celerity and promptitude which policy demanded on their parts. It appears that the French general has taken his stand in the strong positions of Piedmont, where in all probability he would receive strong reinforcements from Angereau's army, as well as from Switzerland, and having so many fortresses of the first order in his hand, it is by no means improbable that he may be soon in a state to resume the offensive. The present war has been truly called a *war of revolution*, and its reverses have been so rapid, that neither side ought to be greatly moved, either by success or defeat.—Ministers have received the particulars of the capitulation of Milan, together with the other advices from Italy several days later than the mail. They will be made public in a gazette extraordinary this day, and we shall then learn whether the Austro-Russian army has been able to follow the French in Piedmont, or to cut off the army of general Macdonald. To attempt the latter, general Kray, after turning the siege of Mantua into a blockade, has marched towards Tuscany with a considerable force.

The letters from the borders of Switzerland, come down to the 30th, but there are no official details. After a number of hard fought actions, the French under Massena have been compelled to fall back. General Hotze has effected his junction with the archduke. The division of the Austrians under Bellegarde, are likewise to co-operate in attacking Switzerland at another point, by the little cantons. It is thought that Massena can have no alternative but to entrench himself in a semi-circular position stretching through the country of Getz and Montjura, in order to parry the attack which is threatened.

June 18.

The Paris papers acknowledge, what we have already learned by colonel Crauford, that general Bellegarde had driven general Lacourbe from St. Gothard. The latter was behind the valley of Durserem, and was endeavouring to cover the approaches to Altorf. This intelligence shews us, that including the Grisons country more than half of Switzerland is already delivered from the usurpers, who in vain shed their blood to maintain their cruel dominion in that country.

This morning arrived a mail from Dublin, which brought letters and papers of the 13th inst. They contradict a report of a speedy dissolution of the parliament of that kingdom.

June 19.

No further information has been received, either from earl St. Vincent, or respecting the Toulon fleet. It is now generally understood that no advices have been received from his lordship since he was off Carthagena. The statements therefore, of his having blockaded up the Brest fleet in Toulon, are founded rather upon what might be expected, than upon intelligence that had been received.

Unofficial and unconfirmed as was the assertion in the Paris papers of the 11th, of the disembarkation of 16,000 men at Leghorn, well informed men begin to attach some belief to it.—The policy of reinforcing general Macdonald, in order to enable him to effect his retreat, is obvious.

Great exertions are making at Brest to fit out the remaining ships of war in that harbour when they are ready, which it appears by the last Paris papers they were expected to be in a few days. The Ferrol squadron, it is supposed, will make an attempt to sail.

Sieyes, in his speech on his installation, carefully avoids any mention of the sentiments and principals of the Prussian cabinet. In his reply to Sieyes, Merlin of Douai merely says, that the new director is come from a friendly power; words too general to enable us to form any opinion of the politics by which Prussia is actuated, or the part she means to take.

Mr. PITT is indisposed with a cough, and is attended by Dr. Farquar. A relaxion from study, asses milk, and abstinence from wine, are prescriptions advised.

HALIFAX, August 1.

Friday arrived the Harlequin Packet, captain Gray, in 39 days from Falmouth.

The London papers brought by the Harlequin are to the 13th of June.

The London gazette announces the appointment of lieutenant-general the duke of Kent to be general in the army, and to be general and commander in chief of the forces in North-America, vice general R. Prescott.

Lieutenant-colonel Wetherall is appointed adjutant-general to the British forces in North-America.

From the best information we have been able to collect, his royal highness the duke of Kent may be expected here in the course of the ensuing month. It is said the Endymion frigate is appointed to that service.

NEW-YORK, August 19.

A gentleman who came passenger in the Hunter, arrived yesterday evening from Gibraltar, which place he left on the 28th June, informs us, that the only possessions the French hold in Italy, with the scattered remains of their army, are the fortresses of Mantua, Genoa, and Leghorn, where they have a small number of troops.

The same gentleman has favoured us with a complete list, recapitulating admirals and commanders of the British fleet in the Mediterranean, on the first of July; also, the number of the French, Spanish, Russian and Turkish fleets in the Mediterranean, at the same time, which, for the want of time, we are obliged to omit till to-morrow.

When the Hunter left Gibraltar the plague raged dreadfully at Morocco, Fez, Larrah, and had reached Tangier; the consuls residing there had left it, and were performing a quarantine of forty days at Tariffe, (in Spain). All communication between Barbary, Spain and Gibraltar, was suspended. This dreadful disease has not been in the emperor's dominions for forty years past, and now received it by the pilgrims returning from Mecca with the infection.

The dey of Algiers has certainly declared war against the French republic, and imprisoned their consul.

The American character stands high in the dey's estimation.

PHILADELPHIA, August 20.

[OFFICIAL]

Extract of a letter from an American, resident at Surinam, dated July 11, 1799, received in Philadelphia, August 17th.

"I think it ought to be publicly known, that this market is glutted to such a degree with almost every article of life, that cargoes are selling at great loss; say from 30 to 50 per cent; and produce is very high; coffee at 9 1-2 to 10 stivers; cotton 17 to 18; and scarcely any to be found even at those prices. So that to the merchant, it is undoubtedly better that his property should be taken, than that it should come into this port."

Extract of a letter from the supercargo of the brig Ruth and Mary, to his owner in this city, dated Havanna, August 4th, 1799.

"I sailed from the capes of Delaware the 24th June, and nothing occurred of notice until the 12th of July, when we were boarded by an armed English brig of twenty guns, treated politely and dismissed without detention. On the 22d off the Bahamas, a privateer belonging to N. Providence, boarded us, and took out of the brig 5 men whom they kept on board the privateer for 14 hours, exhorting them at the same time, by an offering of 150 dollars each, to declare the property on board the brig, contraband; but nothing they could bring forward, or urge, influenced the men to swerve from their duty; at length finding them invulnerable to their acts of villainy, they dismissed us, with seeming reluctance. Several vessels that sailed about or before us from Philadelphia have not yet arrived."

August 21.

Extract of a letter from P. Blant and G. Reinholdt, dated Havanna, August 5th, 1799.

"In our last we informed you the new intendant for this place was expected, he will be in this city to-morrow, and brings with him the official order lately issued at Madrid, by the king, prohibiting the importation in neutral bottoms, of dry goods and provisions into this place, and every other Spanish port in America. We cannot say if this order will be immediately put in force. The consulados and planters will use their utmost endeavours to prevail on the intendant to suspend its operation, until the result of their remonstrance, sent to Spain, is known—In a few days we hope to give you full information; in the mean-time, we cannot advise you to make any shipments to this place, till you hear further from us."

August 22.

Health Office, August 22d, 1799.

The board of health desirous of giving to their fellow-citizens all the information they are possessed of relative to the prevailing disease in our city, think it their duty to state, that after the most diligent inquiry they have been able to make on the subject, they find that during the last six days there have been a number of persons taken ill, principally in the lower part of the city, and Southwark, many of whom have died after a few days sickness, and that at present there are still a considerable number of sick, though they are happy to state from accurate information, a great part of them are apparently on the recovery, and hopes are entertained from the late change in the weather, which still continues cool, that a check may be given to the progress of the disease; they are therefore of opinion, from the mortality, as appears by the list of interments, that at present there is not sufficient ground for the great alarm which pervades the city; but should it so happen, that the disease progresses farther, they will without hesitation, state whatever comes to their knowledge, for the information of their fellow-citizens, so as to enable them to judge on the propriety of removing.

By the Board of Health,
EDWARD GARRIGUES,
President.

HEALTH-OFFICE,
New-York, 21st August, 1799.

The commissioners of health, hear with concern, many false reports circulating among the citizens, with regard to the prevalence of fever in this city.

They feel, in common with their fellow-citizens, extremely desirous that the true condition of the city may be known, in order that public information may be given, and that derived from the best sources of authority.

They therefore call upon the physicians to report as soon as possible, the number of cases of malignant fever which they may respectively have under their care, and in what part of the city they exist, in order that exaggerated accounts and unfounded assertions may be defeated by suitable communications; the gentlemen of the faculty may rely on the most prudent and delicate use of such information.

The commissioners believe that much of the present alarm arises from five deaths which happened yesterday in different parts of the city, at present they know of but ten or twelve cases throughout the city, and of these not more than five or six are by no means of a malignant sort. In behalf of the commissioners of the Health-Office,

GABRIEL FURMAN, Chairman.

NORFOLK, August 13.

By captain Willis, of the schooner Neptune, ten days from St. Thomas's, we are informed, that the day before he sailed, he was told by Mr. Fogherty, a respectable merchant of St. Thomas's, that accounts had just been received, that several privateers had gone from St. Martins against St. Bartholomews, which they had taken possession of without resistance. It is almost needless to observe, that plunder, both American and British, was the instigation. Mr. F. assured captain Willis the information might be depended on.

By captain Maxwell, arrived from St. Domingo, we are enabled to state, that a corvette has arrived at that island from France, and brought out a confirmation to general Toussaint of his appointment to the chief command; in consequence of which general Rigaud has come to amicable terms, and the horrors of war are suspended for a while in that island.

BALTIMORE, August 23.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Curracoa, to his friend in this city, dated 2d inst.

"All the white inhabitants are leaving Jacmel as fast as possible, in consequence of the disturbances of that place and its vicinity, many of whom have already arrived here, among whom is Mr. ———, an old resident of that town. It is said that the two contending parties of Toussaint and Rigaud, are fighting every day in sight of Jacmel, which place has declared in favour of Rigaud, and that most of the neighbouring plantations are consumed by fire."

August 24.

Yesterday about one o'clock was found on the land of Harry D. Gough, Esq; about 12 miles from the city of Baltimore, near the Belle-Air road, the body of a Frenchman who had been murdered and apparently robbed—His dress consists of half boots, blue striped pantaloons, a waistcoat, close bodied coat and a great coat of brownish coloured coarse cloth, such as are purchased from the slop shops, his looks and appearance are those of a middle aged gentleman. He was about thirty years of age, a stout well made man, and of a dark complexion.—His throat was cut, and a clasp knife was found lying by the side of him.—No papers could be found on him which might lead to a discovery of the person. On Wednesday night, or Thursday morning last, a stray horse saddled and bridled, came to the farm of the above gentleman, the horse is near fifteen hands high, of a brown colour, three white feet and a blaze in his face, the stirrups and bridle bit are both plated. It is supposed that the horse did belong to the person as is mentioned to be murdered, and made his escape at the time the act was committed, the body appears to have been many days dead. The horse is still at Perry Hall ready to be delivered to the rightful owner.

August 26.

Extract of a letter from Berne, of the 10th of June.

"The Helvetic directory have arrived here since the first of this month, and in a few days all the constituted authorities will be assembled.

"Although the French armies fight like heroes, and the Swiss are equal to them, yet the enemy's army is so superior in number that the brave general Massena is forced to concentrate his force, and to act upon the defensive. He, however, disputes every foot of ground with the Austrians, and at this moment Zurich is in our possession.

"It is pretended here that the French government has given orders to evacuate Switzerland; nothing can be more false;—Massena has declared, that so far from abandoning Switzerland, he will defend it to the last drop of his blood."

The Turco-Russian squadron has begun to bombard Ancona, and has already set fire to part of the buildings of that city.

There is preserved in the office of foreign affairs, the original of a letter written by Suwarrow to the municipality of Grenoble, in which he threatens them with all his fury if they do not send back the pope to Milan. N. Y. Pap.

The total number of persons that died in the city of Philadelphia for the 24 hours ending on the 23d of August noon, were *eighteen*.

The particulars of the horrid murder, an account of which we published in the Telegraphe of Saturday so far as we have been able to ascertain, are as follow—The young man murdered, supposed a Frenchman, is a Mr. *George Mellinger*, of this city, about 25 years of age, who was on his way to the house of a friend in the country, when he was attacked and received several wounds on the head, his neck cut round to the bone, and one of his eyes forced from its socket; 25 dollars were taken out of his pocket, and a changeable colour, middle-sized umbrella taken away; several buttons were torn from his waistcoat, all of which are evident marks of the greatest violence.

Mr. Lightner, living in Old-town, will give 50 dollars for any information that may lead to a discovery of the perpetrators of this inhuman act, and no doubt society in general will exert themselves to bring these villains to condign punishment.

NOTICE.

MRS. NIXON, from the State of Delaware, has taken the house lately occupied by Mr. JAMES P. MAYNARD, in this city, and proposes to open a boarding house on the first of next month for the accommodation of collegians. From her experience in the business she flatters herself that she can afford general satisfaction. Those parents who chuse to place their children under her care, may rely on every attention being paid to the entertainment, conduct, and morals of the young gentlemen. Her terms will be fifty pounds a year for board, washing and lodging, paid quarterly.

Annapolis, August 26, 1799.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS the sheriff of Anne-Arundel county has laid a *fieri facias* on a tract of land called BEARD'S HABITATION, this is to give notice, that the right of said property is vested in the subscriber, during the life of Matthew Beard, and as such he is determined to defend the possession thereof.

w2 CHARLES BEARD.

August 27, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends making application to the general assembly of this state, at their next session, to be relieved from debts which he is entirely unable to pay.

w 8 HYLAND GEARS.

Kent county, State of Maryland.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscribers, of Charles county, in the State of Maryland, have obtained from the orphans court of Charles county, and state aforesaid, letters testamentary on the personal estate of JOSEPH CLEMENTS, late of Charles county, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 10th day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 17th day of August, 1799. w 7

FRS. B. FRANKLIN, jun.
RICHARD VARDEN, } Executors.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN LEE, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to w3

ANNE LEE, Administratrix.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next session of the general assembly, for a law to levy on the assessable property of Anne-Arundel county, a sum of money sufficient to repair and render passable the high way leading by Mrs. Urquhart's tavern from Baltimore to the city of Annapolis.

Head of Severn, August 23, 1799.

In CHANCERY, August 24, 1799.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of MIDDLETON BELT, of Prince-George's county, praying for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the last session, on the terms therein mentioned, and a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, so far as he can ascertain the same, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Middleton Belt is, and at the time of passing the said act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this state, and the said Belt, at the time of presenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due them, according to the list aforesaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that the said Middleton Belt, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 20th day of September next, give notice to his creditors to appear in the chancery office, at eleven o'clock, on the twenty-fourth day of September next, for the purpose of recommending some person to be trustee for their benefit, on the said Belt's then and there taken the oath prescribed for delivering up his property.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, August 27, 1799.

LLOYD BEALL, an insolvent of Montgomery county, makes application, as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required; and the said Lloyd Beall being known to the chancellor to be a citizen of this state, and of the United States, at this time, and at the time of passing that act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the 1st day of April next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said required, in presence of his creditors, and that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks before the last day of September next, in the George-town news-paper, or Maryland Gazette, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said 1st day of April next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication, (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

For Rent or Sale.

THE subscriber would rent or sell either 700 or 1200 acres of land, part of Marlborough Neck, on Patowmack river, and in the state of Virginia, comprising either one or two plantations or farms:—These lands lie extending about one mile and an half on the river Patowmack, and about one mile from the mouth of Acquia Creek, on the southern side; at that part of the Northern Neck where the Rappahannock and Patowmack approach, within nine miles, and they are not more than that distance from the Rappahannock markets of Fredericksburg and Falmouth; but their situation is rendered more peculiarly valuable by their convenience to the Patowmack markets of Alexandria, and the Federal city. The improvements consist of overseer's houses, negro quarters and crop-houses. The lands are well enclosed, and in excellent order for cropping. The fertility of the soil is equal to any in the United States, besides which the fields all lay convenient to banks (apparently inexhaustible), of the richest shell-marle, which by repeated experiments already made there, is found to be superior to any other manure whatever. These plantations besides furnishing grass in abundance for large stocks, would now yield annually for sale, on a moderate computation, 500 tons of exceedingly good natural grass hay, with no other trouble than cutting and curing. The grass lands naturally divide with each plantation, and each is furnished with good fishing shores, and high, dry, healthy situations for residence.

If rented to responsible persons (and no other need apply) who will cultivate under certain conditions of manuring, cross cropping, and improving, leases will be given. If sold the purchasers may be accommodated with about 30 or 40 Virginia born slaves, in families, who are resident on the lands, where they have been mostly raised, and to which they are attached—The whole estate is held under indisputable title, derived from the original patentee.

JOHN FRANCIS MERCER.

West-river, near Annapolis, August 5, 1799.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of col. JOHN THOMAS, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to exhibit them, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, those who are indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment.

ANNE THOMAS, Administratrix
of col. JOHN THOMAS.

Charles county, July 1, 1799.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Thurſday the 26th of September next, on the premiſes, for READY MONEY,

THE life eſtate of MATTHEW BEARD in a tract or parcel of land, known by the name of BEARD'S HABITATION; the above is taken in execution as the property of Matthew Beard, and ſold to ſatisfy a debt due William Harriſon, for the uſe of Harris and Vennings, by Matthew and John Beard.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

Auguſt 21, 1799.

By virtue of ſeveral writs of *fieri facias*, to me directed from Anne-Arundel county court, will be SOLD, on Saturday the 14th day of September next,

TWO tracts or parcels of land, known by the name of BEARD'S POINT LANDS, IIAMS'S PURCHASE, and BURGESS'S CHOICE, containing two hundred and eighty-ſeven acres, more or leſs; the above lands are taken in execution as the property of John Beard, and ſold to ſatisfy a debt due to Eleanor Hall, executrix of John Hall, and two debts due William Goldthwaite.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

Auguſt 21, 1799.

Boarding Houſe,

At the ſign of the Scales, Church-ſtreet,

WHERE gentlemen can be elegantly accommodated, &c. by the day, week, month, or year, as I have a good ſupply of every thing in that way, and hope to merit the favour of the public.

WILLIAM CATON.

The ſubſcriber has horſes, ſervants, and chair, to hire by the day, for the accommodation of gentlemen travellers, at the following prices, horſe 1 1/3, chair, horſe and boy, 3*s.* per day.

LOST, by the ſubſcriber, on Friday the 14th of Auguſt, 1799, at the market houſe, a large ſilver WATCH, with a ſilver face, makers name THOS NEWMAN, London. Whoever finds the ſaid watch, and returns it to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive a REWARD of SIX DOLLARS.

JOSEPH SIMMONS.

N. B. She has no number.

Annapolis, Auguſt 20, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of BRICE HOWARD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are requeſted to exhibit them, legally authenticated, for payment, and all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment, to

ANN HOWARD, Adminiſtratrix.

THE creditors of JOSHUA SENEY, late of Queen-Anne's county, deceaſed, are requeſted to appear at the houſe of JOHN CAIN, at Church Hill, in the ſaid county, on the 2d day of December next, with their claims againſt the deceaſed, legally proved and authenticated, at which time and place the ſubſcriber intends to make a dividend of the perſonal aſſets in his hands among all the creditors, according to law.

MARK BENTON, Adminiſtrator of JOSHUA SENEY.

Queen-Anne's county, Auguſt 17, 1799.

DESERTER.

ABSCONDED from the City of Annapolis rendezvous, one JOHN JONES, born in Anne-Arundel county, aged 22 years and 8 months, 5 feet 7 1/2 inches high, light complexion, blue eyes, light hair, a joiner by trade, enliſted in the ſervice of the United States on the 5th day of Auguſt, 1799. (He is well acquainted on the north ſide of Severn, and about the Head of South river.) Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid deſerter in any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

REZIN DAVIDGE, Captain in the 9th reg. U. S. inft.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away, on the 22d day of June laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living near Upper Marlborough, in Prince-George's county, a negro man by the name of SCOGGON, but it is probable he has changed his name, ſome times he calls his name NOBLE; he was hired to RICHARD SPRIGG, at a place of his called Sparrow's Point, near Baltimore, laſt ſummer, and he ran away from thence and ſtaid in Baltimore all laſt ſummer, and ſince I have had him he has ſaid that he has a wife in Baltimore, and very likely he has gone that way again; he is about 21 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, ſtout and well made, his complexion is very black, has a full flat face, and a ſcar over one of his eyes, he keeps his hair combed up before, and when ſpoken to has a fooliſh way of laughing, and when laughing ſhews his upper teeth, and his gums on them are uncommonly black; he had on and took with him, one brown broad cloth coat, one ditto of common blue cloth, much mended on the ſleeves, one waiſtcoat of white dimity, one ditto of black ſtuff, with two rows of buttons on it, one pair of pantaloons made of gray Bath coating, one pair of long boots, one high crown hat, much worn, one cotton ſhirt, and one pair of linen trouſers. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro, and ſecures him in any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by

JOHN OSBOURN.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody the 10th inſtant, a negro lad called TOBY, who ſays he belongs to CASTER MINEY MEARS, of Baltimore, he appears to be about 18 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, very black, had on a blue broad cloth coat, black caſimer waiſtcoat, ſtriped nankeen pantaloons, and an old white linen ſhirt, has a ſmall ſcar over his left eye, which he ſays was occaſioned by the kick of a horſe when ſmall. His owner is deſired to take him away, or he will be ſold as the law directs for priſon fees, &c.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of Prince-George's county.

Auguſt 13, 1799.

At a meeting of the Viſitors and Governors of St. John's College, in the State of Maryland, on the 13th day of July, 1799.

RESOLVED, That, on the 1ſt day of October next, this board will proceed to elect a profeſſor of Engliſh and grammar, who ſhall receive for his ſervices at the rate of £. 200 per annum, to be paid quarterly, and that public notice thereof be given, &c. &c.

Teſt. A. C. HANSON.

N. B. The office aforeſaid hath juſt become vacant by the reſignation of a gentleman whoſe affairs require the immediate undertaking of a voyage by ſea.

It is the duty of the ſaid profeſſor (to whom an aſſiſtant is allowed) to teach the Engliſh language grammatically, and to prepare ſtudents for a ſuperior ſchool, by teaching them the latin grammar, the vocabulary and cordery. Writing is to be taught to all his ſcholars at ſtated hours; and to thoſe boys who are not deſtined for the ſuperior ſchool, are to be taught, at the diſcretion of their parents or guardians, arithmetic, and other branches of ſcience uſually taught in Engliſh ſchools. A complete knowledge of latin, arithmetic, &c. is conſidered indiſpenſable in the profeſſor: and it is expected that candidates, who are not known to the board, will ſubmit to an examination, as well as produce teſtimony of their good morals and fair character.

The printers within the United States are requeſted to inſert in their papers the foregoing reſolution and remarks, and to repeat the publication, as often as convenience will admit, until the 20th day of September next.

FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the ſubſcribers will OFFER, at PUBLIC SALE, at the late dwelling houſe of THOMAS LANE, deceaſed, on Friday the 31ſt day of Auguſt next, for CASH only,

SUNDRY negroes, conſiſting of men, women, and children, ſome of whom are excellent houſe ſervants and waiters; the ſaid negroes will be ſold to diſcharge the debts due from the aforeſaid Thomas Lane; and all perſons having claims againſt him are requeſted to exhibit them to the ſubſcribers, legally authenticated, on or before the day of ſale, in order to obtain their dividends.

BARBARA LANE,
OSBORN S. HARWOOD, } Executors.

July 15, 1799.

Land for Sale.

On Friday the 31ſt day of Auguſt next, the ſubſcriber will OFFER, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premiſes;

A SMALL tract of very valuable LAND, lying in Anne-Arundel county, diſtant one and an half miles from Rawlings's tavern, called PART of BROWSLEY HALL, containing one hundred acres, more or leſs. Terms of ſale, caſh.

July 15, 1799. BARBARA LANE.

In CHANCERY, Auguſt 8, 1799.

Oxley and Hancock,
againſt
Richard Lane, of Richd. and John Lane, Heſter Lane, Joſeph Lane, Nathan Lane, Nicholas Lane, Richard Mackall, Samuel Lane Lewin, Samuel Lane Smith, William Smith, Robert Smith, Joſeph Smith, Heſter Smith, Sarah Smith, Theodore Hodgkin, and Matilda Hodgkin, his wife, heirs of Samuel Lane.

THE object of this petition is to obtain a ſale of the real eſtate of Samuel Lane, deceaſed, which deſcended to the defendants, his heirs, for the payment of his debts; it is ſtated by the petitioners, that John Lane, one of the defendants, who is the eldeſt ſon, and would have been ſole heir if the act to direct deſcents had not paſſed, has appeared to the ſaid petition, and the appearance of the ſaid John Lane being entered, it is thereupon ordered, that the petitioners cauſe a copy of this notice to be inſerted at leaſt three weeks ſucceſſively in the Maryland Gazette during the preſent month, to the end that each of the heirs of the ſaid Samuel Lane, who are defendants in the ſaid petition, may have notice of the filing of the petition, and of its ſubſtance and object, and may appear in this court on or before the 30th day of December, 1799, in perſon, or by a ſolicitor, to ſhew cauſe wherefore a decree ſhould not paſs on the ſaid petition as prayed.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

For SALE,

A BEAUTIFUL BULL, imported from Mr. Bakewell, the moſt famous breeder in England; this breed is ſuppoſed to be the fineſt fleſh exiſting; alſo a few cows of a good breed for milk.

Magothy, July 29, 1799. JOHN GIBSON.

THE ſubſcriber returns his ſincere thanks to the public, and his cuſtomers in particular, for paſt favours, and hopes they will ſtill continue to favour him with their cuſtom.

He takes this method to inform them that he has removed from his ſtore in Corn hill-ſtreet to a large brick houſe oppoſite the market, next door to Mr. Jonathan Pinkney's, where he has opened, and now offers for ſale, an aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable to the preſent and approaching ſeaſon, among which are,

Superfine and coarſe broad clothes,	Mens brown thread and cotton hoſe,
Drab plains & flannels,	Womens cotton ditto,
Stuffs of various kinds,	Mens fine and coarſe hats,
Beſt white ticklenburgs & brown hempen linens,	Brooms and ſcrubbing bruſhes,
Ruſſia ſheeting,	Blackſmith's files aſſorted,
5-4 Iriſh ditto,	Spinning cotton,
Yard wide Iriſh linens,	Sein twine,
Iriſh and Dutch dowlas,	Oſnabrig & whited brown threads,
Corded dimities,	Beſt ſhoe thread in 1/4 balls,
Ginghams,	Coloured, ſtitching and nuns thread,
Plain & ſtriped nankeens,	Twiſts & ſewing ſilk, and
Striped & white cottons,	an aſſortment of earthen
Stamped calicoes and chintzes,	ware.
Stamped linens and bordered book muſlin handkerchiefs,	

ALSO, GROCERIES,

Beſt ſouchong and hyſon-ſkin teas,	Beſt Liverpool ſalt,
Brown & loaf ſugars,	Bacon,
Coffee & molaſſes,	Herrings by the barrel.

with a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate, all of which he is determined to ſell at the moſt reduced prices for caſh, and on the uſual credit to his punctual cuſtomers.

ABSALOM RIDGELY.

Annapolis, July 24, 1799.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody, as a runaway, on the 20th inſtant, a negro man, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, who calls himſelf SOLOMON, and ſays he is the property of GERARD B. CAUSIN, Eſquire, and was hired this preſent year to Moſes Cawood, of Prince-George's county. His owner is deſired to come, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be ſold agreeably to law for his priſon fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff Charles county.

June 25, 1799.

Six Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Mount Pleaſant ferry, on Sunday the 9th of June, a negro woman named CLARISSA, commonly called CLARE, about nineteen years of age, five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, luſty, round faced, and very black, underſtands houſe and plantation buſineſs; had on a white cotton petticoat, and white Welch cotton jacket, other cloaths unknown. She was purchaſed from the eſtate of ROBERT TYLER, late of Prince-George's county, near Queen-Anne, about five or ſix years paſt, and probably may be in that neighbourhood with her relations, if not there it is not unlikely that ſhe has paſſed as a free woman in company, and as one of Mr. Darnall's negroes that at preſent have their freedom, and are in the neighbourhood of Annapolis. Whoever ſecures the ſaid negro, ſo that the owner gets her again, ſhall receive the above reward, and if brought home all reaſonable charges, paid by

ISAAC SIMMONS.

July, 1799.

THE ſubſcriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk Ridge Landing on Monday the twenty-third day of September next, at Rawlings's tavern on Saturday the twenty eighth, and all other days throughout the ſaid month at the office of inſpection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpoſe of receiving entries of carriages, and iſſuing licences to retailers of ſpirits and wine.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of RICHD. Collector of the revenue Anne-Arundel county.

Annapolis, Auguſt 1, 1799.

To the VOTERS of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS and ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN,

IN conſequence of the many ſolicitations of my friends, I am induced to offer myſelf a candidate at the approaching election for the office of ſheriff, and, as I have been upwards of five years employed in that buſineſs, conſider myſelf fully adequate to diſcharge its ſeveral duties; ſhould I have the honour to become your choice, no exertion on my part ſhall be wanting to give general ſatisfaction in the faithful execution of that important truſt. I have the honour to be, with great reſpect, the public's moſt obedient and humble ſervant,

JASPER EDWARD TILLY.

July 15, 1799.

CASH given for Clean Linen and Cotton RAGS, At the Printing-Office.

JUST RECEIVED,

From LEE's and Co. Patent and Family Medicine ſtore Baltimore, and for ſale by

GIDEON WHITE, Annapolis.

HAMILTON's

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

RECENT CURES.

(From the Baltimore papers.)

An infant (aged 5 weeks) of Mr. Henry Ewbank's, tailor, Charles-ſtreet, was dangerouſly afflicted with convulſion fits, ſo that his life was deſpaired of, but was perfectly cured by one doſe of Hamilton's worm lozenges, which expelled ſeveral worms, the undoubted cauſe of the child's diſorder.

A ſiſter of the above gentleman, aged 22 years, living at New Caſtle, Delaware, after exhibiting for upwards of 15 months, every ſymptom of an increaſingly dangerous conſumption, experienced a rapid recovery, by the uſe of this medicine.

A letter to the proprietor of Hamilton's worm deſtroying lozenges.

July 10, 1799.

SIR,

I had been a long time afflicted with a violent and gnawing pain in my ſtomach, a dull, heavy continual head-ache, with a frequent ſwimming in my head, accompanied with dimneſs of ſight, and ſome times partial blindneſs, and was rendered incapable of attending my buſineſs, through loſs of ſtrength; ſome times could ſcarcely eat a morſel for two or three days; when my appetite would ſuddenly become aſtoniſhingly voracious. I firmly believed myſelf to be in a conſumption, which muſt ſoon put a period to my life: when happily hearing of ſeveral cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, in complaints which could not be accounted for, I took two doſes, which expelled an incredible number of ſmall ſharp pointed worms: in ſhort, I now enjoy as perfect health and ſtrength as ever I did in my life, and I believe my cure to be entirely effected by means of your medicine.

My brother witneſſing its ſurpriſing efficacy was induced to take a doſe, though in tolerable good health, which occaſioned him likewiſe to void a great quantity of worms of the ſame kind, and thereby probably prevented his experiencing thoſe dreadful diſorders with which I was afflicted.

A ſincere deſire that others in ſimilar circumſtances may receive the ſame benefit, is the reaſon for my ſending you this account.

Yours, very reſpectfully,

AQUILA GOLDING, *Harford road*

two miles from Baltimore.

The numberleſs cures performed by this medicine, render it intereſting to perſons of every age and in every ſituation. Its efficacy is equally proved in preventing as in removing diſeaſe; it effectually cleanſes and ſtrengthens the ſtomach and bowels, ſo neceſſary at this ſeaſon of the year, and the proprietor ſolemnly aſſures the public, that it may be adminiſtered with the greateſt ſafety to the tendereſt infant of a week old, or the moſt delicate pregnant lady, and he challenges any individual among the hundred in Baltimore who have purchaſed this medicine to ſpecify any diſagreeable or injurious effect that has followed its uſe.

SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once uſing.

Being the moſt ſpeedy, effectual, and pleaſant remedy ever offered to the public, and for the ſatisfaction of the timorous, the proprietor *maketh oath*, that this ointment doth not contain a ſingle particle of mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its compoſition, and may be uſed with the moſt perfect ſafety by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Prepared by the inventor Dr. JACOB HAHN, *late of Calcutta; a medicine unequalled by any in the world for the prevention of*

BILIOUS FEVERS,

AND OF

DYSENTERY OR BLOODY FLUX.

Extenſive and long experience in the Eaſt and Weſt-Indies and in America has proved HAHN'S FEVER PILLS to be without a rival for gently diſcharging viſcid and acrimonious bile, preventing the immoderate ſecretion thereof, and removing obſtinate coſtiveneſs, the general cauſes of fevers of the inflammatory kind.

They poſſeſs a peculiar antiſceptic quality, which they powerfully communicate to the ſyſtem, and enable it to reſiſt effectually the attacks of putrid and malignant fevers of every deſcription.

They have never failed producing the happieſt effects in caſes of languor and debility; ſickneſs at the ſtomach, and loſs of appetite; giddineſs and ſevere head-ache, and ought to be taken by all perſons on entering a warmer climate than their native—They are of peculiar uſe to ſeamen, and ought to have a place in every medicine cheſt.

DR. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, ſpeedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

Prepared by DR. LEROUX.

A ſafe and effectual remedy for venereal complaints of every deſcription.

ESSENCE OF MUSTARD,

(Prepared in pills, and in a fluid ſtate for external uſe.)

For rheumatiſms, gout, palſy, numbneſs, bruiſes, ſprains, &c.

INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thouſands can teſtify of their being cured by theſe drops, after the bark and every other medicine has proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has had occaſion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.

MOSCHETTOE TINCTURE.

An immediate and effectual remedy for the ſting of poiſonous inſects of every kind, particularly of *moſchettoes, gnats, bugs, waſps, bees, &c.*

CHURCH's GENUINE COUGH DROPS.

Thoſe who wiſh to purchaſe any of the above articles are cautioned againſt the impoſition of inferior medicines, and to inquire for them only of *Mr. Gideon White.*

Wholeſale purchaſers allowed a liberal profit by addreſſing to Rd. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living near the head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, on Thurſday the 27th of June laſt, a negro man of the name of TOM, generally called captain TOM, being accuſtomed to ſail in a wood flat for the ſubſcriber to Annapolis; he is about five feet five or ſix inches high, ſtout made, has large cheek bones, and when he laughs ſhews his teeth, and generally has a large chew of tobacco between his under lip and teeth. Said fellow is about 25 years old, and has been accuſtomed to every kind of plantation work, and is an excellent ſawyer at the whip-ſaw; he is rather ſlow in ſpeech, unleſs intoxicated, and if ſpoke to ſharp, has a down look; he had on his uſual working cloaths when he went off, and took with him an old red caſimer jacket, and white ſhirt with ruffles on it, and may have other cloaths which is unknown to the ſubſcriber, as he has ſeveral relations in the neighbourhood. I do ſuſpect he will make for Baltimore-town, and endeavour to get off by water. I will give 15 dollars if he is apprehended in Baltimore-town and confined in gaol, and if brought home to me twenty dollars, and all reaſonable expences for bringing him home, agreeable to law.

BASIL BROWN.

N. B. Maſters of veſſels, and others, are hereby requeſted and forewarned not to harbour or carry away ſaid negro at their peril.

DESERTER.

ABSCONDED from the city of Annapolis rendezvous, on Saturday night laſt, between the hours of 9 and 10, one PATRICK M'GROGAN, born in Ireland, in the county of Antrim, aged 21 years, five feet five inches high, light complexion, blue eyes, ſhort black hair, a bottler by trade, enliſted in the ſervice of the United States on the 12th of June, 1799. Whoever apprehends and ſecures ſaid deſerter ſhall receive a REWARD of EIGHT DOLLARS.

REZIN DAVIDGE, Captain

in the 9th reg. U. S. inf.

N. B. If M'Grogan is not favourably meaſured he will appear a little under meaſure. R. D.

Annapolis, July 22, 1799.

For SALE,

The following tracts of land, to wit:

TEN thouſand acres, lying upon Bear Creek, formerly the property of Samuel Evans.

Three thouſand four hundred acres, lying upon Indian Camp Creek, formerly the property of Jonathan Swirt.

One thouſand one hundred acres, lying upon Rough Creek, formerly the property of Jacob Souther.

Six hundred and forty acres, lying upon Rough Creek, formerly the property of John Houſton.

Four hundred and ninety-five acres, lying upon Green River, formerly the property of William Whitely.

The above lands are ſituate in the State of Kentucky, Haden county, in the midſt of a fertile and thick ſettled neighbourhood; they are of an excellent quality, will be ſold on a credit from one to four years. Unqueſtionable titles will be given upon the payment of the purchaſe money. The tracts will not be divided.

REZIN DAVIDGE.

Annapolis, July 22, 1799.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, a mulatto man named ISAAC, about thirty years of age, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, has a down look, and is extremely knock kneed; took with him ſundry articles of cloathing, among them a blue broad cloth coat, a red ſtriped ſwandown waiſtcoat, and nankeen breeches. TEN DOLLARS will be paid for ſecuring him in any gaol, ſo that he be had again, or the above reward for bringing him home.

EDWARD HALL.

July 21, 1799.

LAND for SALE.

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing *eleven hundred ſixty-one and a half acres.*

WILLIAM WALKER.

Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

To be RENTED,

And immediate poſſeſſion given,

THAT beautiful ſituation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a reſpectable tenant offers (and none elſe need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reaſonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or

WILLIAM STEUART of

Mount Steuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws paſſed at November ſeſſion, 1785; alſo one copy of the proceedings of the houſe of delegates of February ſeſſion, and two of June ſeſſion, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

THE ſubſcriber having ſuſtained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the neceſſity of giving this public notice, that he will proſecute, with the utmoſt rigour of the law, any perſon who ſhall treſpaſs on that eſtate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

ALL perſons having any juſt claims againſt the eſtate of JOHN BULLEN, Eſq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceaſed, are deſired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the ſubſcriber, and all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Adminiſtrator

with the will annexed.

RAN away, on Tueſday the fourth inſtant, from the eſtate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a ſtout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of ſpeaking; took with him ſundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark ſtriped elaſtic cloth, a white muſlinet waiſtcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new mall round hat, bound, and a pair of black ſhoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for ſecuring him in the gaol of Baltimore, ſo that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater diſtance.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

Sept. 10, 1798.

THE ſubſcriber reſpectfully informs his fellow-citizens, that having taken out licence as auctioneer, and given ſecurity agreeably to law, he is now ready to receive goods and other articles for public ſale, and that they may count upon his utmoſt endeavours to give them ſatisfaction.

He has for private ſale a tract of land, containing 222 acres, about 20 miles from the city of Baltimore; this tract is well watered and timbered, on which is an excellent mill ſeat.

A quantity of prime ſhad and herrings for ſale.

JAMES WHARFE.

N. B. He will alſo ſell, or barter, a ſchooner well calculated for the bay trade or Weſt-Indies, and may be fitted for ſea at a ſmall expence.

Annapolis, July 24, 1799.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto ſlave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin viſage, about five feet four inches high, with long buſhy hair, has been in common uſed to houſe work, ſhe is a very good ſpinner, and, in fact, underſtands how to do any thing about a houſe; her cloaths are uncertain, as ſhe took with her more than one ſuit; ſhe has been ſeen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that ſhe may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any perſon that will bring her home, or ſecure her ſo that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

Ship timber wanted.

THE ſubſcriber being authoriſed to contract with one or more perſons for the timber of a ſeventy-four gun ſhip, to be built at the Navy Yard, at the city of Waſhington, will receive propoſals for any part thereof until a ſufficient quantity is engaged. The timber chiefly to conſiſt of white oak, red cedar, mulberry, and pine, for which good prices will be given.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Naval Agent.

June 10, 1799.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of CHARLES MACCUBBIN, late of the city of Annapolis, deceaſed, are requeſted to exhibit the ſame, legally atteſted, for payment, and all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment, to

SARAH MACCUBBIN, Adminiſtratrix.

Annapolis, July 9, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.